People's Democratic Republic of Algeria Ministry of Higher Education and Scientific Research 20 Août 1955-Skikda University Sciences Faculty Computer Science Department

# **Evolutionary Algorithms**

Course teacher: Dr. Soufiane Boulehouache College year 2023/2024

## **Tutorial Assignment n°1: Coding**

### **Exercise 1. Knapsack Problem**

Version 1. Subset Sum Problem

The Simple Knapsack problem takes a set of integers  $S = \{w_1, \dots, w_n\}$  and an integer w as inputs. The objective is to compute a subset  $T \subseteq \{1, \dots, n\}$  of items such that  $\sum_{i \in T} w_i \leq w$  and  $\sum w_i$  is maximum. That is, we want to fill our knapsack without exceeding its capacity w and putting the maximum total weight in it.

Solve this problem in case  $S = \{5, 8, 11, 15, 20, 30, 32, 37, 41, 53, 56, 62\}$  and b = 123.

Max 
$$(\sum_{i=1}^{n} w_i * x_i)$$
 and  $\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i w_i \le w$ ;  $x_i \in \{0, 1\}, j \in \mathbb{N}^*$ .

### Version 2.

There are *n* items; each item has its own benefit  $c_i$  and weight  $w_i$ .

There is a Knapsack of total capacity w.

We would like to maximize the benefit but not exceeding the capacity w of the Knapsack.

It means:

Max 
$$(\sum_{i=1}^{n} c_i x_i)$$
 and  $\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i w_i \le w$ ;  $x_i \in \{0, 1\}$ .

Instance of the problem

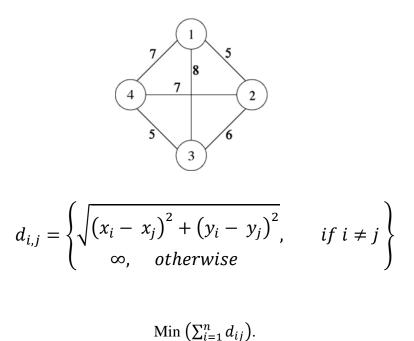
Item	Cost	Weight
Item 1	5	4
Item 2	12	10
Item 3	8	5
Item 4	17	7
Item 5	3	2
Item 6	11	9

Solve this problem in the case of Evolutionary Algorithms.

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#### **Exercise 2. Traveling Salesman Problem**

The Traveling Salesman Problem (TSP) can be modeled using a graph consisting of a set of vertices and a set of edges. Each vertex represents a city, an edge symbolizes the passage from one city to another, and it is associated with a weight that can represent a distance, a travel time or even a cost.



Solve this problem in the case of Evolutionary Algorithms.